

September 26, 2024

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(Via Email:
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Office of the State Auditor 1525 Sherman Street, 7th Floor Denver, Colorado 80203 (*Via E-Portal*)

Division of Local Government 1313 Sherman Street Room 521 Denver, Colorado 80203 (Via E-Portal) Larimer County Clerk and Recorder Larimer County Colorado P.O. Box 1280 Fort Collins, Colorado 80522 (Via Email: recording@larimer.org)

Re: Supplement to Annual Report for VDW Metropolitan District Nos. 1 & 2

To Whom It May Concern:

Enclosed for your information and records is a copy of the 2023 Audited Financial Statements (the "Financial Statements") for VDW Metropolitan District Nos. 1 & 2 (the "Districts"). These Financial Statements are being submitted pursuant to Sections I.A and II.i of the Districts' 2023 Annual Report that was submitted on February 21, 2024. At the time of submitting the Annual Report, the Financial Statements were not yet available.

Should you have any questions regarding the enclosed, please do not hesitate to contact our office.

Sincerely,

ICENOGLE SEAVER POGUE A Professional Corporation

Hannah Pogue Paralegal

Hannah Poque

VDW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 Larimer County, Colorado

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

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Board of Directors VDW Metropolitan District No. 1 Larimer County, Colorado

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, of the VDW Metropolitan District No. 1 (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the VDW Metropolitan District No. 1 as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the VDW Metropolitan District No. 1 and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures of the financial statements.
- ➤ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- ➤ Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required budgetary information on page 16 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

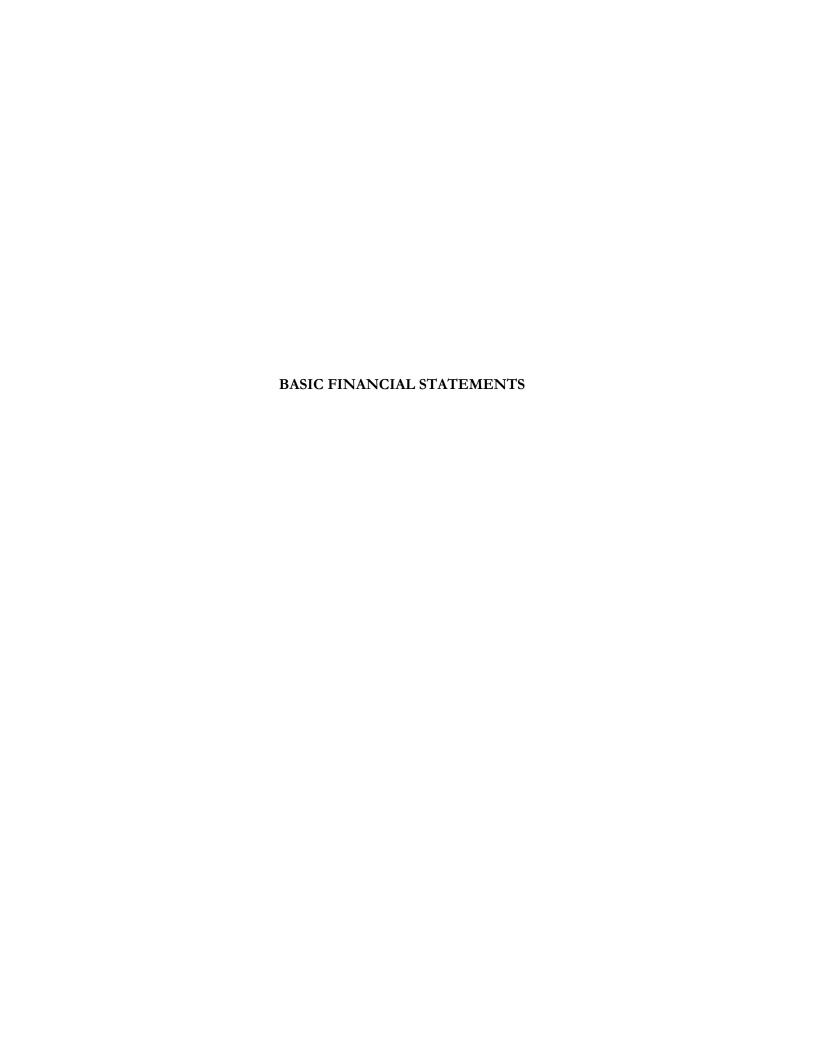
Management has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The individual fund schedules as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The individual fund schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

John Cutter & Associates, LLC



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2023

	Govern	nmental	
	Activities		
	2023	2022	
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,870 , 578	\$ 1,398,482	
Cash and Investments - Restricted	28,165	52,363	
Service Fees Receivable	29,720	23,250	
Prepaid Expenses	11,132	13,305	
Capital Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation	1,392,995	1,531,002	
TOTAL ASSETS	3,332,590	3,018,402	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	44,093	76,412	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	44,093	76,412	
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,392,995	1,531,002	
Restricted for			
Emergencies	23,183	8,327	
Capital Projects	1,270,598	973,002	
Unrestricted	601,721	429,659	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 3,288,497	\$ 2,941,990	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Govern	nmental
	Acti	vities
	2023	2022
EXPENSES		
Governmental Activities		
General Government	\$ 477,546	\$ 456,458
Interest on Long-Term Debt		14,371
TOTAL EXPENSES	477,546	470,829
REVENUES		
GENERAL REVENUES		
Contribution from District No. 2	-	904,891
Service Fees - Districts No. 2 and 3	684,519	241,825
Capital Reimbursements	51,271	151,968
Investment Income	88,263	39,111
TOTAL REVENUES	824,053	1,337,795
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	346,507	866,966
NET POSITION, Beginning	2,941,990	2,075,024
NET POSITION, Ending	\$ 3,288,497	\$ 2,941,990

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2023

	G:	ENERAL		DEBT ERVICE		PITAL DJECTS	G	TOT GOVERNMEN		. FUNDS
		FUND	I	FUND		UND		2023		2022
ASSETS								_		
Cash and Investments	\$	599,868	\$	-	\$ 1	,270,710	\$	1,870,578	\$	1,398,482
Cash and Investments - Restricted		-		28,165		-		28,165		52,363
Service Fees Receivable		3,312				-		3,312		1,250
Due from District No.2		26,408				-		26,408		22,000
Prepaid Expenses		11,132						11,132		13,305
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	640,720	\$	28,165	\$ 1	,270,710	\$	1,939,595	\$	1,487,400
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	15,816	\$	28,165	\$	112	\$	44,093	\$	76,412
TOTAL LIABILITIES		15,816		28,165		112		44,093		76,412
FUND EQUITY										
Fund Balance										
Nonspendable		11,132		_		_		11,132		13,305
Restricted for Emergencies		23,183		-		-		23,183		8,327
Restricted for Capital Projects		-		-	1.	,270,598		1,270,598		973,002
Unassigned		590,589						590,589		416,354
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		624,904			1	,270,598		1,895,502		1,410,988
TOTAL LIABILITIES										
& FUND EQUITY	\$	640,720	\$	28,165	\$ 1	,270,710				
Amounts reported for governmental activiti different because:	es in t	the statemen	t of N	et Position	are					
Capital assets used in governmental activition therefore, are not reported in the funds.		e not financi	al reso	ources and				1,392,995		1,531,002
Net position of governmental activities							•	3,288,497	\$	2,941,990
1 vet position of governmental activities								J,200,TJ/	Ψ	<u></u> ,,,,,,,,,

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2023

	GENERAL	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
	FUND	FUND	FUND	2023	2022	
REVENUES						
Service Fees - Districts No. 2 and 3	\$ 684,519	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 684,519	\$ 241,825	
Capital Reimbursements	-		51,271	51,271	151,968	
Interest and Other Revenue	88,263	-	-	88,263	39,111	
TOTAL REVENUES	772,782		51,271	824,053	432,904	
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government	335,864	-	3,675	339,539	318,451	
Debt Service						
Principal	-	-	-	-	910,000	
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges					14,371	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	335,864	-	3,675	339,539	1,242,822	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENSES	436,918		47,596	484,514	(809,918)	
OTHER SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	-	-	250,000	250,000	904,891	
Transfers Out	(250,000)			(250,000)	-	
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES (USES)	(250,000)		250,000		904,891	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	186,918	-	297,596	484,514	94,973	
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	437,986		973,002	1,410,988	1,316,015	
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$ 624,904	\$ -	\$ 1,270,598	\$ 1,895,502	\$ 1,410,988	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2023

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

are Different Because:	
Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 484,514
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation	
expense. This is the depreciation expense for the year.	 (138,007)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 346,507

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

VDW Metropolitan District No. 1 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado was organized by order and decree of the District Court of Larimer County on June 20, 2002, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District's service area is located in the City of Loveland (City), Larimer County, Colorado. The District was established to provide construction, installation, financing and operation of public improvements, including streets, traffic and safety controls, water, sanitation, storm drainage, transportation, television relay and translator, park and recreation facilities, and mosquito and pest control. The District's service plan was approved by the City. Pursuant to the consolidated service plan for VDW Metropolitan Districts No. 1, 2 and 3, the District operates as the Service District, VDW Metropolitan District No. 2 operates as the Residential District and VDW Metropolitan District No. 3 operates as the Commercial District.

The accounting policies of the District conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Reporting Entity

In accordance with governmental accounting standards, the District has considered the possibility of inclusion of additional entities in its financial statements.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on financial accountability. The District is financially accountable for organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if District officials appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. The District may also be financially accountable for organizations that are fiscally dependent upon it.

Based on the application of these criteria, the District does not include additional organizations in its reporting entity.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current *financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Service fees, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, the District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the payment of the District's bonds.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the acquisition and construction of capital assets.

Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of the immediate operating requirement is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash. Cash equivalents include investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments are recorded at fair value.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The District also capitalizes all infrastructure costs. Assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities fund type in the Statement of Net Position.

The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position

The government-wide and business-type fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Investment in Capital Assets is intended to reflect the portion of net position which are associated with non-liquid, capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt. The net related debt is the debt less the outstanding liquid assets.

Restricted Net Position are liquid assets, which have third party limitations on their use.

Unrestricted Net Position represent assets that do not have any third party limitation on their use. While District management may have categorized and segmented portion for various purposes, the Districts' Board of Directors ("Board") has the unrestricted authority to revisit or alter these managerial decisions.

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Fund Balance Classification (Continued)

The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District reports prepaid expenses as nonspendable as of December 31, 2023.
- Restricted This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has classified Emergency Reserves as being restricted because their use is restricted by State Statute for declared emergencies. The District has also classified the fund balances in the Capital Projects Fund as restricted.
- Committed This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The District did not have any committed resources as of December 31, 2023.
- <u>Unassigned</u> This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The District would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned fund balance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- On or before October 15, District Management submits to the Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to December 31, the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution.
- District Management is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund. However, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board.
- Budgets are legally adopted for all funds of the District on a basis consistent with GAAP.
- Budgeted amounts in the financial statements are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board. All appropriations lapse at year end.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Investments at December 31, 2023 consisted of the following:

Deposits	\$ 60,78	31
Investments	1,837,96	<u> 52</u>
Total	\$ 1.898.74	43

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 3: <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS</u> (Continued)

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. At December 31, 2023, State regulatory commissioners have indicated that all financial institutions holding deposits for the District are eligible public depositories.

Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits.

The District has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At December 31, 2023, the District had deposits with financial institutions with a carrying amount of \$60,781. The bank balances with the financial institutions were \$60,781. All of these amounts were covered by federal depository insurance.

Investments

Interest Rate Risk

The District adopted an investment policy on November 3, 2017.

Credit Risk

Colorado statutes specify in which instruments the units of local government may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 3: <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS</u> (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The above investments are authorized for all funds and fund types used by Colorado local governments.

Local Government Investment Pools

The District had invested \$1,837,962, in the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust) which has a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. ColoTrust is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds and is regulated by the State Securities Commissioner. It operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. Investments consist of U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the entities.

ColoTrust is not a 2a7-like external investment pool. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. The government-investor does not "look through" the pool to report a pro rata share of the pool's investments, receivables, and payables.

Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant observable inputs.

The District doesn't have any investments requiring categorization at December 31, 2023.

Restricted Cash and Investments

Investments in the amount of \$28,165 are restricted in the Debt Service fund for payment of the District's debt.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 4: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, is summarized below:

		Balances <u>12/31/2022</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>		Balances 2/31/2023
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets, depreciated Infrastructure	•	2,760,133	•	\$ -	Φ	2,760,133
minastructure	Ψ	<u> </u>	<u>Ф</u>	<u>ф</u> –	Ψ	<u>4,700,133</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation						
Infrastructure		1,229,131	<u>138,007</u>			1,367,138
Governmental Activities,						
Capital Assets, Net	\$	1,531,002	\$ (138,007)	\$ -	\$	1,392,995

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT

Authorized Debt

On May 7, 2002, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$32,944,452 at an interest rate not to exceed 12% per annum. Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District is permitted to issue bond indebtedness of up to \$16,000,000.

NOTE 6: <u>RELATED PARTIES</u>

The developers of the property which constitutes the District are VDW Properties, LLC, and VDW Retail, LLC., which are managed by McWhinney Real Estate, Inc. ("MRES"). The members of the Board are employees of MRES, and may be otherwise associated with the developers and have disclosed any potential conflicts of interest in taking action on matters brought before the Board.

NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage, to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or natural disasters.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool) as of December 31, 2023. The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in the past three years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 7: <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u> (Continued)

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 8: <u>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</u>

Tax Payer Bill of Rights (TABOR) Amendment

TABOR Amendment - Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local government. The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the Amendment.

The District has established an Emergency Reserve, representing 3% of fiscal year spending (excluding debt service), as required by the Amendment. At December 31, 2023, the Emergency Reserve of \$23,183 was recorded in the General Fund.

NOTE 9: <u>SUBSEQUENT EVENTS</u>

Potential subsequent events were considered through July 29, 2024. It was determined that no events were required to be disclosed through this date.



GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended December 31, 2023

	ORIGINA AND FINA BUDGET	L	VARIANCE Positive (Negative)	2022 ACTUAL
REVENUES				
Service Fees	\$ 685,70		\$ (1,247)	\$ 240,126
Interest and Other Income	4,75	88,263	83,513	39,110
TOTAL REVENUES	690,51	772,782	82,266	279,236
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Government				
Acccounting and Financials Management	51,00		(1,500)	47,360
District Management	30,00	,	2,000	29,380
Facilities Management	31,50	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	29,250
Office and Other	25,60	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19,575	15,627
Insurance	14,10		797	10,184
Legal	20,00	,	4,802	18,128
Utilities	55,40	52 45,290	10,172	49,454
Landscaping	102,87	70 80,334	22,536	80,548
Repairs and Replacement	53,10	00 63,712	(10,612)	34,765
Contingency	20,00		20,000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	403,63	335,864	67,770	314,696
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	286,88	436,918	150,036	(35,460)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer Out	(250,00	(250,000)	(250,000)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	36,88	186,918	(99,964)	(35,460)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	380,44	437,986	57,537	473,446
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 417,33	\$ 624,904	\$ (42,427)	\$ 437,986



DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Year Ended December 31, 2023

	AND	GINAL FINAL DGET		023 ΓUAL	VARI. Pos (Neg	itive	2022 ACTUAL
REVENUES		DGET	AC.	IUAL	(1 ve g	auve)	ACTUAL
Service Fees - District No. 3	\$	_	\$	_		_	1,699
Interest and Other Revenues	Ψ	_	Y	_		_	1,055
TOTAL REVENUES		-		-		-	1,700
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General Government							
Trustee and Paying Agent Fees		=		-		-	500
Contingency		=		-		-	-
Debt Service							
Principal		-		-		-	910,000
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		-					14,371
TOTAL EXPENDITURES							924,871
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES							(923,171)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from District 2				-			904,891
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							904,891
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-	(18,280)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning				-			18,280
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$ -

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended December 31, 2023

	ORIGINAL AND FINAL		VARIANCE		
			Positive	2022	
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(Negative)	ACTUAL	
REVENUES					
Capital Reimbursements	\$ -	\$ 51,271	\$ 51,271	\$ 151,968	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government					
District Management	5,000	3,675	1,325	-	
District Engineering	10,000		10,000	3255	
Capital Outlay	350,000				
Contingency	20,000		20,000		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	385,000	3,675	31,325	3,255	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(385,000)	47,596	82,596	148,713	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	250,000	250,000	250,000		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	250,000	250,000	250,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(135,000)	297,596	332,596	148,713	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	963,757	973,002	9,245	824,289	
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 828,757	\$ 1,270,598	\$ 341,841	\$ 973,002	

VDW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 Larimer County, Colorado

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

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Board of Directors VDW Metropolitan District No. 2 Larimer County, Colorado

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, of the VDW Metropolitan District No. 2 (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the VDW Metropolitan District No. 2 as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the VDW Metropolitan District No. 2 and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- > Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- ➤ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures of the financial statements.
- ➤ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- ➤ Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required budgetary information on page 17 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The individual fund financial schedule as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The individual fund schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

John Cuth & Associates, LLC



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2023

		Governmental			
		tivities			
	2023	2022			
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$ -	\$ -			
Cash and Investments - Restricted	995,621	910,592			
Service Fees Receivable	28,988	54,280 907,710			
Property Taxes Receivable	1,046,650				
Due from Other Government	4,791	6,878			
TOTAL ASSETS	2,076,050	1,879,460			
LIABILITIES					
Due to District No. 1	28,988	22,881			
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Due within One Year	280,000	265,000			
Due in More Than One Year	10,300,376	10,596,530			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	10,609,364	10,884,411			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Revenues - Property Taxes	1,046,650	907,710			
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(10,580,376)	(10,861,530)			
Restricted for					
Emergencies	-	-			
Debt Service	1,000,412	948,869			
Unrestricted					
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (9,579,964)	\$ (9,912,661)			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Governmental Activities			
	2023	2022			
EXPENSES					
Governmental Activities					
General Government	\$ 534,75	7 \$ 1,060,355			
Interest on Long-Term Debt	357,95	1,661,221			
TOTAL EXPENSES	892,70	7 2,721,576			
REVENUES					
GENERAL REVENUES					
Taxes	981,57-	4 1,341,080			
Service Fees - District No. 3	186,11	5 371,057			
Investment Income	57,71	5 15,862			
TOTAL REVENUES	1,225,40	1,727,999			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	332,69	7 (993,577)			
NET POSITION, Beginning	(9,912,66	(8,919,084)			
NET POSITION, Ending	\$ (9,579,96	4) \$ (9,912,661)			

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2023

	GENERAL		DEBT GENERAL SERVICE		TOTAL GOVERNMENT FUNDS			
		FUND		FUND		2023		2022
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Cash and Investments - Restricted		-		995,621		995,621		910,592
Service Fees Receivable		-		823		823		1,918
Due from Other Government		2,581		2,210		4,791		6,878
Due from District No.1		-		28,165		28,165		52,362
Property Taxes Receivable		624,075		422,575		1,046,650		907,710
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	626,656	\$	1,449,394	\$	2,076,050	\$	1,879,460
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY								
LIABILITIES								
Due to District No. 1	\$	2,581	\$	26,407	\$	28,988	\$	22,881
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,581		26,407		28,988		22,881
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Revenues - Property Taxes		624,075		422,575		1,046,650		907,710
FUND EQUITY								
Fund Balance								
Restricted for Emergencies		-		-		-		-
Restricted for Debt Service		-		1,000,412		1,000,412		1,292,872
Unassigned								
TOTAL FUND EQUITY				1,000,412		1,000,412	-	1,292,872
TOTAL LIABILITIES								
& FUND EQUITY	\$	626,656	\$	1,449,394				
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statemed different because:	nt of	Net Position	n are					
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current reported in the funds. These include bonds payable of \$				oremium				
of \$355,376.						(10,580,376)	((10,861,530)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	(9,579,964)	\$	(9,568,658)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2023

	GENERAL	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL GOVERNMENT FUNDS			
	FUND		2023	2022		
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$ 489,047		\$ 907,706	\$ 1,245,595		
Specific Ownership Taxes	39,798	,	73,868	95,485		
Service Fees - District No. 3	-	186,115	186,115	371,057		
Interest and Other Revenue	190		57,715	15,862		
TOTAL REVENUES	529,035	696,369	1,225,404	1,727,999		
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Audit and Accounting Fees	-	5,500	5,500	-		
Service Fees - District No. 1	519,250	-	519,250	170,449		
County Treasurer's Fee	9,785	8,376	18,161	24,926		
Trustee and Paying Agent Fees	-	8,000	8,000	=		
Bond Issuance Costs		-	_	545,269		
Debt Service						
Principal	-	265,000	265,000	9,954,000		
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	-	357,950	357,950	1,160,451		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	529,035		1,173,861	11,855,095		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENSES		51,543	51,543	(10,127,096)		
OTHER SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from Issuance of Debt	_	_	-	11,207,684		
Transfers to District 1	-	-	_	(904,891)		
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES (USES)		-	-	10,302,793		
NET CHANGE IN FUND						
BALANCES	-	51,543	51,543	175,697		
FUND BALANCES, Beginning		948,869	948,869	773,172		
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$ -	\$ 1,000,412	\$ 1,000,412	\$ 948,869		

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2023

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 51,543
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This amount includes the payment of bond principal \$265,000, and amortization of bond premium \$16,153 for the year.	281,154
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 332,697

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

VDW Metropolitan District No. 2 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado was organized by order and decree of the District Court of Larimer County on June 20, 2002, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District's service area is located in the City of Loveland (City), Larimer County, Colorado. The District was established to provide construction, installation, financing and operation of public improvements, including streets, traffic and safety controls, water, sanitation, storm drainage, transportation, television relay and translator, park and recreation facilities, and mosquito and pest control. The District's service plan was approved by the City. Pursuant to the consolidated service plan for VDW Metropolitan Districts No. 1, 2 and 3, the District operates as the Residential District, VDW Metropolitan District No. 1 operates as the Service District and VDW Metropolitan District No. 3 operates as the Commercial District.

The accounting policies of the District conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Reporting Entity

In accordance with governmental accounting standards, the District has considered the possibility of inclusion of additional entities in its financial statements.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on financial accountability. The District is financially accountable for organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if District officials appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. The District may also be financially accountable for organizations that are fiscally dependent upon it.

Based on the application of these criteria, the District does not include additional organizations in its reporting entity.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current *financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Service fees, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, the District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the payment of the District's bonds.

Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of the immediate operating requirement is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash. Cash equivalents include investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments are recorded at fair value.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The District also capitalizes all infrastructure costs. Assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities fund type in the Statement of Net Position.

The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position

The government-wide and business-type fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Investment in Capital Assets is intended to reflect the portion of net position which are associated with non-liquid, capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt. The net related debt is the debt less the outstanding liquid assets.

Restricted Net Position are liquid assets, which have third party limitations on their use.

Unrestricted Net Position represent assets that do not have any third party limitation on their use. While District management may have categorized and segmented portion for various purposes, the Districts Board of Directors ("Board") has the unrestricted authority to revisit or alter these managerial decisions.

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District did not report any amounts as nonspendable as of December 31, 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Fund Balance Classification (Continued)

- Restricted This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has classified the fund balances in the Debt Service Fund as restricted.
- Committed This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The District did not have any committed resources as of December 31, 2023.
- <u>Unassigned</u> This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The District would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned fund balance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- On or before October 15, District Management submits to the Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to December 31, the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution.
- District Management is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund. However, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board.
- Budgets are legally adopted for all funds of the District on a basis consistent with GAAP.
- Budgeted amounts in the financial statements are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board. All appropriations lapse at year end.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Investments at December 31, 2023 consisted of the following:

Deposits	\$ -
Investments	 995,621
Total	\$ 995,621

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 3: *CASH AND INVESTMENTS* (Continued)

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. At December 31, 2023, State regulatory commissioners have indicated that all financial institutions holding deposits for the District are eligible public depositories.

Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. The District has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At December 31, 2023, the District did not report any deposits with financial institutions.

Investments

Interest Rate Risk

The District adopted an investment policy on November 3, 2017.

Credit Risk

Colorado statutes specify in which instruments the units of local government may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 3: *CASH AND INVESTMENTS* (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Local Government Investment Pools

The District had invested \$995,621 in the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust) which has a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. ColoTrust is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus fundsand is regulated by the State Securities Commissioner. It operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00.

Investments consist of U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the entities.

ColoTrust is not a 2a7-like external investment pool. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. The government-investor does not "look through" the pool to report a pro rata share of the pool's investments, receivables, and payables.

Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant observable inputs.

The District has no investments requiring categorization as of December 31, 2023.

Restricted Cash and Investments

Investments in the amount of \$995,621 are restricted in the Debt Service fund for payment of the District's debt.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM DEBT

Following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Balance 12/31/22	Additions	<u>Payments</u>	Balance 12/31/23	Due In <u>One Year</u>	
Series 2022A-1 - Senior Ltd. Tax G.O. Bonds Series 2022A-2 - Subordii	\$ 6,890,000	\$ -	\$ 265,000	\$ 6,625,000	\$ 280,000	
Ltd. Tax G.O. Bonds Bond Premium	3,600,000 371,530	<u>-</u>	- 16,154	3,600,000 355,376	<u></u>	
Totals	\$ 10,861,530	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 281,154	\$ 10,580,376	\$ 280,000	

Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds

\$7,220,000 Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2022A-1, dated February 10, 2022 with interest ranging from 1.35% to 3.75%, consisting of term bonds issued in the original amount of \$7,220,000 due December 1, 2040.

\$3,600,000 Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2022A-2, dated February 10, 2022, with interest of 4.00%, consisting of term bonds issued in the original amount of \$3,600,000 due December 1, 2045.

Proceeds of the bonds were used to refund the 2016 Bonds and the 2011 Bonds issued by District No. 1. The bonds are secured by and payable from the Pledged Revenue consisting of monies derived by the District from the following sources, net of any collection costs: (1) Pledged District taxes from the ad valorem mill levy imposed by both the District and the Commercial District under the Capital Pledge Agreement, and (2) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the Bond Fund. Required Mill Levy means an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property of the District and Commercial Districts, each year in an amount sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the bonds as the same become due and payable. Based on the 2023 principal and interest repayment, the mill levy certified for debt service by the District was 16.892 mills. For collection year 2023, the District and the Commercial District levied 36.624 mills.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 4: *LONG-TERM DEBT* (Continued)

Future debt service requirements for the bonds are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2024	\$ 280,000	\$ 353,843	\$ 633,843
2025	285,000	349,083	634,083
2026	305,000	343,383	648,383
2027	310,000	336,520	646,520
2028	330,000	329,080	659,080
2029-2033	1,870,000	1,502,430	3,372,430
2034-2038	2,375,000	1,154,993	3,529,993
2039-2043	3,030,000	660,613	3,690,613
2044-2045	<u>1,440,000</u>	<u>87,000</u>	<u>1,527,000</u>
Total	\$ 10,225,000	<u>\$ 5,116,943</u>	<u>\$15,341,943</u>

Authorized Debt

On May 7, 2002, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$32,944,452 at an interest rate not to exceed 12% per annum. Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District is permitted to issue bond indebtedness of up to \$16,000,000.

NOTE 5: RELATED PARTIES

The developers of the property which constitutes the District are VDW Properties, LLC, and VDW Retail, LLC., which are managed by McWhinney Real Estate, Inc. ("MRES"). The members of the Board are employees of MRES, and may be otherwise associated with the developers and have disclosed any potential conflicts of interest in taking action on matters brought before the Board

NOTE 6: <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage, to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or natural disasters.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool) as of December 31, 2023. The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in the past three years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 6: *RISK MANAGEMENT* (Continued)

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 7: <u>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</u>

Tax Payer Bill of Rights (TABOR) Amendment

TABOR Amendment - Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local government. The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the Amendment.

The District has established an Emergency Reserve, representing 3% of fiscal year spending (excluding debt service), as required by the Amendment. At December 31, 2023, the Emergency Reserve of \$8,500 was recorded in the VDW Metropolitan District No. 1.

NOTE 8: <u>DEFICIT NET POSITION</u>

At December 31, 2023, the District reports a deficit net position in the amount of \$9,579,964. This deficit amount is the result of the District being responsible for the repayment of debt that was issued to refund debt and for public improvements which are conveyed to other governmental entities. The District expects to reduce the deficit net position as the debt is being repaid.

NOTE 9: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Potential subsequent events were considered through July 29, 2024. It was determined that no events were required to be disclosed through this date.



GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended December 31, 2023

	2023							
	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE Positive (Negative)		2022 ACTUAL	
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	489,049	\$	489,047	\$	(2)	\$	159,623
Specific Ownership Taxes		41,447		39,798		(1,649)		12,236
Interest and Other Income		10,000		190		(9,810)		85
TOTAL REVENUES		540,496		529,035		(11,461)		171,944
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General Government								
Service Fees - District No. 1		520,715		519,250		1,465		168,750
County Treasurer's Fee		9,781		9,785		(4)		3,194
Contingency		10,000				10,000		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		540,496		529,035		11,461		171,944
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		_						
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-



DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended December 31, 2023

	2023							
_		RIGINAL			VARIANCE Positive			
	AND FINAL BUDGET						2022	
			A	CTUAL	(N	egative)	ACTUAL	
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	418,661	\$	418,659	\$	(2)	\$	1,085,972
Specific Ownership Taxes		35,482		34, 070		(1,412)		83,249
Service Fees - District No. 3		185,869		186,115		246		371,057
Interest and Other Revenues		25,000		57,525		32,525		15,777
TOTAL REVENUES		665,012		696,369		31,357		1,556,055
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General Government								
Audit and Accounting		-		5,500		(5,500)		-
Service Fees - District No. 1		-		-		-		1,699
Treasurer's Fees		8,373		8,376		(3)		21,732
Trustee and Paying Agent Fees		8,000		8,000		-		-
Bond Issuance Costs		-		-		-		545,269
Contingency		25,000		-		25,000		-
Debt Service								
Principal		265,000		265,000		-		9,954,000
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		357,950		357,950				1,160,451
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		664,323		644,826		19,497		11,683,151
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		689		51,543		50,854	(1	10,127,096)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from the Issuance of Debt		-		-		-		11,207,684
Transfers to District 1								(904,891)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-		-		_		10,302,793
,			-				-	, ,
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		689		51,543		50,854		175,697
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		920,964		948,869		27,905		773,172
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	921,653	\$	1,000,412	\$	78,759	\$	948,869